

# The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 89.

MONDAY, MAY 8, 1882.

FIVE DOLLARS  
PER QUARTER.

## Intimations.

### LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

BEG to call Special attention to Novelties just received, Suitable for the HOT SEASON.

**HATS**  
PITH, EXTRA LIGHT HELMETS  
STRAW AND ZEPHYR.

**UNDERSHIRTS**  
OF MATERIALS MADE SPECIALLY FOR  
INDIAN SUMMERS.

**SOCKS**  
OF SILK, THREAD AND THIN  
COTTON.

**TIES & SCARFS**  
NEWEST LONDON PATTERNS IN  
WASHING SILKS AND OTHER  
SUMMER MATERIALS.

**SUMMER BRACES.**  
FRENCH SUMMER SHOES.

**BATHING DRESSES AND DRAWERS.**

**TENNIS SHOES AND BATS.**  
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [296]

**WILLIAM DOLAN.**  
SAIL-MAKER & SHIP-CHANDLER,  
22, PRAYA CENTRAL.

**COTTON DUCKS, HEMP CANVAS,**  
MANILA ROPE, AMERICAN  
OAKUM, LIFE BUOYS,  
CORK JACKETS,  
&c., &c., &c.  
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [294]

## Insurances.

### YANGTSE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up).....Tls. 400,000.00  
PERMANENT RESERVE.....Tls. 200,000.00  
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND.....Tls. 288,936.17

TOTAL CAPITAL and  
ACCUMULATIONS, and  
April, 1881,.....Tls. 938,936.17

**DIRECTORS.**  
H. DE C. FORBES, Esq., Chairman.  
J. H. PINCKVOSS, Esq., V. M. MEYERINK, Esq.,  
A. J. M. INVERARITY, Esq., G. H. WHEELER, Esq.

**HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.**  
Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.

**LONDON BRANCH.**  
Messrs. BARRING BROTHERS & Co.,  
Bankers.

**RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent,**  
68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.

POLICES granted on MARINE RISKS to all  
parts of the World.  
Subject to a charge of 12 per cent. for Interest  
on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS of the  
UNDERWRITING BUSINESS are annually dis-  
tributed among all Contributors of Business in  
proportion to the premium paid by them.

**RUSSELL & Co.,**  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 28th April, 1882. [53]

**THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY,  
LIMITED.**

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.)  
The above Company is prepared to accept  
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS,  
&c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world  
payable at any of its Agencies.

**WOO LIN YUEN,**  
Secretary.

**HEAD OFFICE,**  
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [81]

**LE CERCLE-TRANSPORTS.**  
SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME D'ASSURANCE  
MARITIME MARSEILLE.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....15,000,000 Francs.  
CAPITAL PAID-UP.....3,750,000 Francs.

The Undersigned, having been appointed  
Agents of the above Company, are prepared to  
GRANT POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all  
parts of the World.

**ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.,**  
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [4]

**THE Undersigned have been appointed  
AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD  
of UNDERWRITERS.**  
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.  
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [6]

**RECORD OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN  
SHIPPING.**  
Agents,  
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.  
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [3]

**THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSURANCE  
COMPANY, LIMITED.**

CAPITAL £2,000,000; PAID-UP.....£200,000  
PAID UP RESERVE FUND.....£50,000.

The Undersigned, having been appointed  
Agents for the above Company, are prepared to  
ACCEPT FIRE and MARINE RISKS at Current  
Rates, allowing usual discounts.

**GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.,**  
Hongkong, 14th March, 1882. [165]

**THE SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND  
MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY  
OF NEW ZEALAND.**

CAPITAL, £1,000,000 (One Million Sterling).  
UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.

The Undersigned, having been appointed  
Agents for the above Company, are prepared to  
ACCEPT FIRE and MARINE RISKS at Current  
Rates, allowing usual discounts.

**GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.,**  
Hongkong, 14th March, 1882. [164]

## Notices of Firms.

### NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of the  
Undersigned in the Firm of Messrs. D. D.  
OLLIA & Co., of Amoy, Foochow, Takao, and  
Taiwanfo has Ceased from the 30th of April,  
1882.

**E. N. MEHTA.**  
B. S. MEHTA.

We have This Day commenced BUSINESS as  
MERCHANTS and COMMISSION AGENTS  
at Amoy, Foochow, and Taiwanfo, under the  
Style and Firm of MEHTA & Co.

**E. N. MEHTA.**  
B. S. MEHTA.  
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [303]

### NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr.  
FRANCIS BLACKWELL FORBES in Our Firm in  
China and Hongkong, Ceased on the 31st Decem-  
ber, 1881.

**RUSSELL & Co.**  
Hongkong and China,  
20th April, 1882. [283]

### NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr.  
NISSIM ISAAC SILAS in Our Firm in  
China and Hongkong, Ceased on the 31st Decem-  
ber, 1881.

**E. D. SASSOON & Co.**  
Hongkong, 24th April, 1882. [270]

## Auctions.

### PUBLIC AUCTION

OF  
VALUABLE PROPERTY IN WELLINGTON  
STREET.

THE Undersigned has received instructions  
to sell by Public Auction on the Premises  
in Wellington Street,

**TO-MORROW,**  
the 9th day of May 1882, at TWO O'CLOCK in  
the Afternoon, all that

**PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND** situated in  
Wellington Street, Victoria, being portion of IN-  
LAND LOT No. 52, together with the EIGHT  
SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT HOUSES Nos. 67,  
69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, and 81 in Wellington  
Street.

The above named EIGHT HOUSES will be  
sold separately.  
For full Particulars and Conditions of Sale  
Apply to

**J. M. GUEDES,**  
Auctioneer,  
33, Wellington Street.  
Hongkong, 1st April, 1882. [292]

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

OF VALUABLE PROPERTY IN BONHAM-  
STRAND AND JERVOIS-STREET.

THE Undersigned will sell by Public Auc-  
tion, **FRIDAY,**  
the 12th day of May, 1882, at TWO P.M., on the  
spot (shop No. 103 Jervois-street).

Under instructions received from the MORT-  
GAGEE:

**FIRST LOT.**  
ALL that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND,  
situate in Victoria, Hongkong; the North side in  
Bonham-strand measuring 15 feet 6 in.; on the  
South side thereof in Jervois-street measuring  
14 feet 9 in.; the East side thereof on a close  
registered in the LAND OFFICE as INLAND  
LOT 859, measuring 172 feet; and on the  
West side on a close registered in the LAND  
OFFICE as INLAND LOT 860 and partly on  
a close registered in the LAND OFFICE  
as INLAND LOT 862, measuring 57 feet 9 in.  
and one hundred and eight feet and 6 in.; which  
said Piece or Parcel of GROUND contains, in  
the whole 2557 square feet.

Together with the SHOP No. 103 Jervois-  
Street and SHOP No. 72 Bonham Strand.  
Yearly Crown Rent \$35.08.

**SECOND LOT.**  
ALL that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND  
abutting on the North side on Bonham strand  
measuring 13 feet 2 in.; on the South side  
thereof on Jervois-street measuring 12 feet 9 in.;  
on the East side on a close registered in the  
LAND OFFICE as INLAND LOT 857,  
measuring 178 feet; and on the West side on  
a close registered in the LAND OFFICE  
as INLAND LOT 859, measuring 172 feet;  
which said Piece or Parcel of GROUND  
contains in the whole 2,268 square feet  
registered in the LAND OFFICE as INLAND  
LOT 858, together with the SHOP No. 103,  
Jervois-street, and SHOP No. 70, Bonham  
Strand.

Yearly Crown Rent \$39.99.

**TERMS OF SALE.**—Purchaser shall pay at once  
20 per cent. in part payment of the Purchase-  
money; the remainder on completion of the  
Purchase, and Execution of the Deed of Transfer,  
which shall be prepared by a Solicitor at the  
Purchaser's expense.

**J. M. GUEDES,**  
Auctioneer.  
Hongkong, 8th May, 1882. [246]

### PUBLIC AUCTION

OF  
VALUABLE PROPERTY IN GAGE STREET.

THE Undersigned has received instructions  
to sell by Public Auction, on  
**MONDAY,**  
the 15th day of May, 1882, at TWO P.M., on the  
Premises,

**THE PARCEL of GROUND** Registered in the  
LAND OFFICE as INLAND LOT 62, toge-  
ther with the Five Newly Built HOUSES in  
Gage Street, Nos. 28, 30, 32, 34, and 36; also  
the FLAT over the passage way.

For full Particulars and Conditions of Sale,  
Apply to

**J. M. GUEDES,**  
Auctioneer,  
33, Wellington Street.  
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [293]

### NOTICE.

ARRANGEMENTS have now been com-  
pleted which will enable this Office to  
undertake all kinds of JOB PRINTING, Includ-  
ing DIRECTORS' REPORTS, BOOKS,  
PAMPHLETS, BALL ROOM, and VISITING  
CARDS, PROSPECTUSES, DEBIT NOTES,  
LABELS, PROGRAMMES OF ENTERTAIN-  
MENTS, TRADE CIRCULARS, and RE-  
PORTS, &c., &c.

Accuracy and Best Workmanship guaranteed  
at the lowest possible rates.

**"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" OFFICE,**  
6, Peddar's Hill, 1st March, 1882.

**R. FRASER-SMITH, PUBLIC  
ACCOUNTANT, ARBITRATOR, AND  
COMMISSION MERCHANT,**  
has This Day Removed to No. 6, Peddar's Hill.  
All kinds of COMMISSION BUSINESS executed  
on the most reasonable terms. Special Agents  
in London and Sydney.

Balance Sheets drawn out; Books balanced  
and audited, and every description of Account-  
ant's Work undertaken. Charges strictly mod-  
erate, and perfect accuracy guaranteed.

Office Hours: NINE till FOUR.  
Hongkong, 2nd January, 1882.

## Intimations.

SALE & CO.'S SHOWROOMS.

### SAYLE & CO.

A R E S H O W I N G  
Ex "GLENCOE."

**SPECIALITIES IN POMPADOUR SATEENS AND PRINTS.**  
COLOURED AND BLACK SPANISH NETS FOR DRESSES.  
FANCY OATMEAL CLOTHS FOR MORNING WRAPPERS.  
A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF WHITE DRESS MATERIALS.

**A LARGE VARIETY OF SILVER JEWELLERY, all New Patterns.**  
LADIES FRENCH AND ENGLISH SHOES.  
ICE WOOL IN ALL COLOURS.

**MUSLIN and LISSE FRILLINGS.**  
COLOURED SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES.  
VASELINE SOAP and POMADE.

**SPECIAL:**—To be cleared at 30 cents per yard, a job line of Fine Silk and Wool Challies for  
Summer Dressing Gowns—usual price 85 Cents per yard. A Liberal discount for Cash.  
VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG.

### KELLY & WALSH'S

COLLECTION OF VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

**GEMS OF ENGLISH SONG.**—Comprising 81 of the best Modern Songs.....\$3.00.  
**GEMS OF WALTZES.**—26 Waltzes including his most popular compositions.....\$3.00.  
**SOCIAL HOURS.**—62 Waltzes and 11 Polkas, 6 Mazurkas, 6 Quadrilles 2 Galops by  
Strauss.....\$3.00.

**GEMS OF THE DANCE.**—Companion Volume, Waltzes, &c., by Gung'l, Lamothe  
Mack, Strauss, &c.....\$3.00.  
**SONGS OF ENGLAND, 2 VOLS.**—200 Standard English Songs, the best productions of  
3 centuries \$2; or in separate volumes for.....\$1.00.

**MEINDELSON'S SONGS WITHOUT WORDS.**—Handsomely bound.....\$2.00.  
**BOOSEY'S MUSICAL CABINET.**—A complete collection of this popular Series, per  
number.....40 cents.

**CAVENDISH MUSIC BOOKS.**—Each number contains 32 pages, full music size, con-  
taining Collections of Songs, Dances and Pianoforte pieces.....40 cents.

KELLY & WALSH receive by each French Mail, the latest Novelties in Songs and Dance Music,  
and their present collection is extensive and well selected.  
**KELLY & WALSH—HONGKONG.**

### ECA DA SILVA & CO.

HAVE JUST LANDED.

EX FRENCH MAIL STEAMER "SAGHALIEN."

**A GREAT VARIETY AND FINE ASSORTMENT OF SUMMER GOODS,**  
COMPRISING  
Ladies Richly Trimmed Pongee Silk Costumes, Satin, Linen, and Cambric Costumes,  
Ready-made Dresses, Lace and Silk Fichus, Cravats, Dressing Gowns, Fine Silk  
Hose, &c., &c., &c.

Ladies Elegantly Trimmed Parisian Straw Hats and Bonnets, Children's and Babies'  
Hats and Caps, in Great Variety.

Gentlemen's Parisian Straw and Panama Hats, French Felt Hats, Light Summer  
Tweed in Pieces for Pants, White and Coloured Linen Drill, Pieces of Touch Cord  
for Vests, Canvas Shoes, Silk Umbrellas, &c., &c.

Oriza's and Penau's Perfumery in Great Variety, Elegant 3 Sides French Mirrors,  
Vienna Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Visiting Card Cases, Portmonnaies, Albums,  
Needle Cases, Needles, Ladies Work Boxes,  
&c., &c., &c.

**ECA DA SILVA & Co.,**  
48, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
Hongkong, April 3rd, 1882. [9]

## Intimations.

WANTED.

**EMPLOYMENT**  
IS  
URGENTLY NEEDED,  
AND  
EARNESTLY SOLICITED

BY  
**ANTONIO GERMANO MARQUES, JUN.**  
Hongkong, 4th May, 1882. [308]

**SEALED TENDERS** will be received by the  
Undersigned on or before NOON of  
THURSDAY, the 11th inst., for the BUILDING  
of a STOREHOUSE, at Kowloon, measuring 100  
Feet by 40 Feet, according to Specification and  
Conditions, which can be seen on application to  
the Naval Storekeeper.

The right to reject the lowest or any Tender is  
reserved.

**E. B. JOREY,**  
Naval Storekeeper.  
H. M.'s Naval Yard,  
Hongkong, 28th April, 1882. [287]

### NOTICE.

**COLONEL IKE AUSTIN'S  
NEW AMERICAN  
RIFLE RANGE,**  
NOW OPEN  
AT THE HONGKONG HOTEL  
WHERE INSTRUCTIONS ARE GIVEN FREE OF  
CHARGE.

**BELL TARGETS!!! FLYING AND STATIONARY  
BIRDS THAT DISAPPEAR WHEN HIT!!!**  
&c., &c., &c.  
**ENGLISH AND AMERICAN SPORTING  
RIFLES!!!**

**POPULAR PRICES.**  
FOUR SHOTS FOR 25 CENTS.

Galleries open daily from 4 to 12 P.M., to all  
respectable members of the community.  
Hongkong, 29th April, 1882. [145]

**J. M. GUEDES S.**  
HOUSE AND LAND BROKER,  
AUCTIONEER and COMMISSION AGENT.  
No. 33, WELLINGTON STREET,  
HONGKONG.  
Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. [62]

**NOTICE OF REMOVAL.**  
**R. FRASER-SMITH, PUBLIC  
ACCOUNTANT, ARBITRATOR, AND  
COMMISSION MERCHANT,**  
has This Day Removed to No. 6, Peddar's Hill.  
All kinds of COMMISSION BUSINESS executed  
on the most reasonable terms. Special Agents  
in London and Sydney.

Balance Sheets drawn out; Books balanced  
and audited, and every description of Account-  
ant's Work undertaken. Charges strictly mod-  
erate, and perfect accuracy guaranteed.

Office Hours: NINE till FOUR.  
Hongkong, 2nd January, 1882.

## To be Let.

TO LET.

**THE SIX FOUR-STORIES SUBSTANTIAL  
DWELLING HOUSES** now in course of  
erection at the bottom of Old Bailey-street in  
Hollywood Road, on the site of the Premises  
formerly occupied by Messrs. T. ALGAR & Co.,  
House Agents, &c.

These Desirable Premises will be completed in  
about four months, and the Undersigned is pre-  
pared to make any changes or alterations in the  
construction or internal arrangements of the  
buildings to suit the requirements of taking one or  
all of the Houses on lease.

These Houses will be found specially adapted for  
Parade Merchants, being situated in the centre  
of the Parade district of the city, and having  
convenient and suitable Godowns underneath  
for the storage of Opium and other Merchandise.

For full Particulars apply to  
**FRED RICKARDS,**  
United Club, Staunton Street.  
(Opposite Union Church).  
Hongkong, 15th April, 1882. [243]

TO LET.

**OFFICES** in No. 12, QUEEN'S ROAD  
CENTRAL, ALSO,  
No. 4, SEYMOUR TERRACE,  
No. 9, SEYMOUR TERRACE,  
Nos. 2 AND 4, PEDDAR'S HILL.  
Apply to  
**DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,**  
Hongkong, 3rd May, 1882. [174]

TO LET.

**TWO GODOWNS**  
now occupied by the  
**HONGKONG DISPENSARY.**  
Possession from 1st May.  
Apply to  
**ROSE & Co.,**  
Queen's Road.  
Hongkong, 21st April, 1882. [266]

**WILLIAM SCHMIDT & CO.**  
GUNMAKERS AND AMUNITION  
DEALERS,  
BEACONFIELD ARCADE.

Arms, Ammunition, and Requisites of  
every description.  
Arms Repaired, Cleaned, or Converted at  
moderate charges.  
Sporting Guns and Ammunition always  
on hand.

**STAG HOTEL.**  
QUEEN'S-ROAD CENTRAL.  
GOOD ACCOMMODATION FOR VISITORS.

**ENGLISH & AMERICAN BILLIARDS.**  
Tiffin at One o'clock; Dinner at 7.30.  
This Hotel is most centrally situated and  
within easy distance of the principal landing  
places.

**J. COOK, Proprietor.**

## Amusements.

SPECIAL PERFORMANCE.

### ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.

**SIGNOR HOFLICH**  
has the honour to announce that  
A SPECIAL PERFORMANCE,  
WILL BE GIVEN ON  
**WEDNESDAY EVENING,**  
MAY 10TH, 1882.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF  
**SIGNORA MARIA LUBICCI,**  
PRIMA DONNA ASSOLUTA,  
when will be produced  
**PACINI'S GRAND OPERA**  
"S A F F O."

**DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.**  
ALCANTARO (sacerdote d'Apollo) Signor CIOCCI.  
in Leucade.....Signora SILINI.

CLERMEN (Sua Figlia).....Signora LUNICI.  
SAFFO.....Signora VANZETTI.  
FAONE.....Signora BERTOLINI.  
DIRCE.....Signor BRUNETTI.  
LISIMACO.....Signor CORTI.



## Intimations.

A. S. WATSON &amp; CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
DRUGGISTS,  
GENERAL CHEMISTS,

AND

Manufacturers of the following  
AERATED WATERS,  
viz:SODA, TONIC, SASSAPARILLA, AND  
POTASH, LEMONADE,  
GINGERADE, RASPBERRYADE, AND  
PHOSPHORIC CHAMPAGNE.Deliveries in Town and Harbour from  
7 A.M. to 7 P.M.SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS REFITTED,  
PASSENGER SHIPS SUPPLIED.

Prompt Attention given to Coast Orders.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY,  
HONGKONG.  
SHANGHAI PHARMACY,  
SHANGHAI.  
CANTON DISPENSARY,  
CANTON.  
THE DISPENSARY,  
FOOCHOW.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph" and not to the Editor.

Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.

Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writers, not necessarily for publication; but as evidence of good faith.

Whilst the columns of the *Hongkong Telegraph* will always be open for the fair discussion by correspondents of all questions affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers are requested to forward all notices intended for insertion in that day's issue not later than THREE O'CLOCK so as not to retard the early publication of the paper.

## TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Arrangements have been made to publish *The Hongkong Telegraph* daily at 4 P.M. Subscribers in the central districts who do not receive their copies before FIVE O'CLOCK will oblige by at once communicating with the Manager.

## The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, MAY 8, 1882.

In the extracts from correspondence regarding the sanitary condition of Hongkong, forwarded to us the other day by the Colonial Secretary, a noteworthy contribution to the many opinions already passed upon this vexed question, is the communication signed "W. A. MACKINNON." This letter was written on September 1st, 1880, and is supposed to be a correct report of the sanitary condition of this Colony by a gentleman who was for a time—a remarkably short time, we may add—principal military medical officer in Hongkong, for the information of the Secretary of State for War. We have already written a good deal on sanitation matters, and at the proper time may have something else to advance on a subject which is unquestionably of very great interest to the future welfare of this Colony; however, it is not our intention at present to go over beaten ground, nor should we have thought it worth while even noticing Surgeon-General MACKINNON's extraordinary report had our contemporaries refrained from ostentatiously making such a great deal to the detriment of Governor HENNESSY, by freely quoting the opinions of this military scientist as one more proof of His Excellency's mistaken notions with reference to sanitation, and other local matters.

We have alluded to Mr. MACKINNON's report as an "extraordinary" one. It is so in more respects than one. The worthy Surgeon-General, whose stay in Hongkong was of extremely short duration, assumes the rôle of public censor of Sir JOHN POPE HENNESSY's actions in the Government of this Colony with an impudent audacity which is quite refreshing. It is only fair to presume that Mr. MACKINNON's report was well intended. On no other ground is it possible to offer the slightest palliation of what is nothing more nor less than a grossly abusive, ignorant, and totally unjustifiable attack on Governor HENNESSY's general policy, especially concerning public matters in which Surgeon-General MACKINNON, or the War Office, could have no earthly interest. Let us glance briefly at the statement which is an overpowering sense of duty impelled the late principal military medical officer to compile for the gratification of the "autocrats of Pall Mall."

Surgeon-General MACKINNON commences his report with the strikingly original observation that Chinese towns are proverbially filthy, far surpassing in the present

day the horrible condition given in history of the mediaeval cities of Europe during the greater epidemics of the fifteenth century." He then informs the War Office authorities that "municipal health laws are unknown to the Chinese, and the mandarins do not recognise any obligation on the part of their government to concern itself in public health measures." It might here be pertinently asked, where Dr. MACKINNON obtained all this wonderful knowledge about the Mandarins, and their sanitary policy and obligations? It will be admitted that his professional duties in Hongkong could under no possible circumstances give him the slightest practical acquaintance with Chinese Mandarins, and it is therefore difficult to make out on what really trustworthy data he bases his authoritative statement that "sanitary science is a sealed book to the celestial literati," and other commonplace remarks of a similar tendency. "Turning from the sickening spectacle of a Chinese city to our own Colony of Hongkong, we find," says Dr. MACKINNON, "a different state of things. English ideas as against Chinese ideas have here prevailed until recently. This latest historian of Hongkong tells us that for 37 years English Governors have been endeavouring to induce the 1,000,000 Chinese who live under the protection of the British flag—he does not think it worth while to mention that the Chinese have to pay rather heavily for this boasted protection—to set aside their filthy habits, and conform to the hygienic rules of western life. These Governors have only been partially successful, although there is a marked difference between the city of Victoria and the Chinese towns on the mainland. Dr. MACKINNON asserts that in these Chinese towns the filth and garbage of each house are thrown out into the streets for the pigs to wallow in, and left there to accumulate until the thoroughfares become impassable. It is unfortunate that the names of these Chinese towns on the mainland were not given. They would have so materially supported and strengthened an argument which, to the initiated, is based solely on Dr. MACKINNON's vivid imaginings. Chinese towns are known to be quite bad enough, so far as cleanliness is concerned, without any absurd exaggerations of the class attempted to be palmed off on the Secretary of State for War by Surgeon-General MACKINNON. Again, it is very difficult to discover the aim this officer had in view in laying so much stress upon the very different sanitary regulations enforced in Chinese cities and English colonies respectively. No doubt, he meant to convey something or other to the War Secretary, but like many other persons who will insist on attempting tasks for which they have no aptitude, the attempt ended in bungling and blundering.

Referring to the sanitary condition of Hongkong, Dr. MACKINNON in one paragraph writes to his superiors a most glowing account of the general arrangements of the sanitation department, and immediately afterwards contradicts himself in a farrago of prejudiced twaddle about fever dens, and childish predictions as to the probable results of that greatly talked of epidemic, which sensible people laugh at, but which is a favorite hobby of martinet of the MACKINNON class. We are informed that "there is an elaborate scavenging contract under the terms of which the Public Works Department is able every night to remove from the town the refuse matters of the previous day. As in India, the night soil of every house is removed before daylight by carriers. Dust bins are dotted over the town and daily scavenged. The purity of the water supply is jealously guarded. There is a Sanitary Police and a Government Inspection of Nuisances, under most able officers, willing to perform their duties if their hands were not restrained." The Hongkong public will be able to decide for themselves how much of this is true, and how much—imagination. They will also doubtless marvel how Dr. MACKINNON knows so much about the "most able officers, willing to perform their duties if their hands were not restrained." And they will also wonder what the worthy Surgeon-General is driving at when he says:—"If an epidemic breaks out in the town, the state of the tenements in the Chinese quarter is such that disease may never again be eradicated from them." Dear me! After all the glowing encomiums on the elaborate scavenging contract, on the jealously guarded "water pure as diamond spark," on the able officers of the Sanitary Police and Government Inspection Departments who are so willing to perform their duties, the whole business is to end in an epidemic which will never be eradicated from the Chinese tenements of the Colony. Nay, more than this, for Dr. MACKINNON's epidemic, specially prepared and manufactured by that eminent disciple of Esculapius, is to spread from the Chinese quarter to the European residences, and to the military Cantonments

which are situated in the immediate vicinity of the town, and then the Deluge.

And this is the sort of rubbish an experienced medical officer puts himself out of the way to send to head-quarters. Had Dr. MACKINNON's report fallen into the hands of any military authority practically acquainted with sanitation in Hongkong, there can be no doubt that the enterprising Doctor would have been curtly told to mind his own business, and deal with matters which concerned his department, and with which he could pretend to have some slight acquaintance. Whatever the War Department may have thought of the Surgeon-General's report, it is significant that the Colonial Office Authorities, who are most concerned in the matter, altogether ignored it. Of course, Dr. MACKINNON had some motive in writing his stupidly aggressive report, and there is not the slightest difficulty in fathoming both his aim and object.

"Until the departure of Sir ARTHUR KENNERLY in 1877, there appears to have been a steady and constant improvement in the condition of the town, in its drainage and sewerage, and in all other sanitary branches, &c., &c., but since the advent of the present Governor there has been a complete reversal of the wise policy of his predecessors in sanitary matters."

To the no small consternation of the English community, Sir JOHN HENNESSY has adopted Chinese views in this, as in other questions of public interest, although in health matters at least, it was considered he would espouse English ideas. This, however, has not been the case, for his Excellency has derived his inspirations from ignorant Chinese traders, and trading guilds composed of unscientific natives utterly incompetent to advise on the points submitted to them. And, what is equally to be regretted, he has paralysed the hand of the English functionaries of the Government Sanitary Staff.

"The Surveyor General having protested against the further spread of fever dens over the town in the shape of back to back dwellings without light or ventilation, the Governor took the opportunity of publicly sanctioning such fever dens in the 'Hongkong Government Gazette' of the 27th July 1878."

"The Inspectors of Nuisances having attempted to get the Chinese to clean and trap their house drains, the Governor saved the people from further molestation by acquiescing in their objection to the cleansing and flushing of such house drains."

"The Colonial Surgeon having, in reports which I have read, brought to the notice of the Governor the generally filthy and unsanitary condition of native tenements, for the truth of which I can vouch, Sir JOHN HENNESSY was not disposed to accept the Colonial Surgeon's views, and has since expressed his determination to relieve that officer from the exercise of further sanitary functions."

"The Surveyor General having called attention to the absolute necessity of maintaining a stricter inspection of nuisances, the Governor abolished the ruling instructions to the Inspectors of Nuisances which are the health rules of English towns, and ordered their substitution by new health regulations, to be framed for the English and Chinese residents alike, upon principles to be laid down by the Chinese solely. The Colonial Surgeon was to have no voice or participation in the drawing up of the new rules. The Sanitary Staff was at first filled with dismay, and then gradually sunk into a state of helplessness and forced inaction, in which state it remains at present. Meanwhile matters may be ripening for an outbreak of disease, which may come at any moment under possible unfavourable climatic conditions."

What does all this mean? It can only mean one thing. Surgeon-General MACKINNON is the advocate of and apologist for the Colonial Surgeon and Surveyor-General; he is the avowed opponent of Sir JOHN POPE HENNESSY. The subject of sanitation, according to this authority, has assumed an Imperial interest; it should be investigated by a medical commission of enquiry appointed, not by Governor HENNESSY, but by the Secretary of State for War, and the Secretary of State for the Colonies. Governor HENNESSY is advised to renounce Chinese doctrines in matters connected with public health; he is recommended to allow his sanitary staff to work their own sweet wills as they were permitted to do unchecked under his predecessor, and to carry out Sir ARTHUR KENNERLY's scheme for an increased water supply without delay. After giving all this gratuitous advice, Dr. MACKINNON states that Governor HENNESSY cannot be acquainted with the domestic life of the Chinese, and their objectionable habits, as he has not made house to house inspections as he (Dr. MACKINNON) has done; and coarsely and insultingly observes that "His Excellency apparently receives his information entirely through the channel of his Chinese secre-

tary, a German evangelical ex-missionary, who have no acquaintance with sanitary technicalities must necessarily be incompetent to replace the Colonial Surgeon and the Surveyor-General in the Governor's counsels." How can Dr. MACKINNON tell whether Dr. EITZ is acquainted with sanitary technicalities or otherwise? There is, as a matter of fact, not the slightest reason in the world why the "evangelical ex-missionary" should not know far more about sanitary matters than either Dr. AVRES, Mr. J. M. PRICE, or Dr. MACKINNON, or the whole three combined. The sanitary inconsistencies of the two former are on record in the papers printed by order of the House of Commons; the value of the latter's views can be gauged from the report now under review.

Dr. MACKINNON claims that his statements are not over-coloured, and that they are based on a personal knowledge of facts. We contend that they are either entirely void of foundation, or are generally incoherent, or unintelligible. He asserts that in committing his notes to paper, he is animated by no wish other than to save the troops and his own countrymen in Hongkong from impending danger, which must increase under the continued questionable policy of introducing Chinese sanitary ideas into an English Colony. We decline to believe that any such danger exists, or to recognise the necessity for Dr. MACKINNON's "notes," which are merely an unusually coarse and virulent personal attack upon Governor HENNESSY, and cannot be justified on impartial grounds. Sir JOHN POPE HENNESSY's administration has been far from faultless; but his general policy regarding sanitation has been essentially sound, and we have perfect confidence that Mr. CHADWICK's report will support the Governor's views in almost every important respect.

The outlay on Public works in this Colony should command something more than the superficial attention usually bestowed upon it by our contemporaries. Undertakings are increasing rapidly in number and magnitude, so that it will not be denied, in the interests of the taxpayer, that it is expedient a careful scrutiny should be exercised over all works emanating from the Surveyor General's department; otherwise, we fear the surplus which the Colony has been so carefully augmenting will disappear rapidly, leaving, comparatively speaking, but little to show for the expenditure in works of usefulness. We are led to make these remarks, as, far from joining in the eulogistic article in the *China Mail* of the 27th April on the Harbour of Refuge at Causeway Bay, we think this latest work of Mr. PRICE, the Surveyor General, will prove to be not only a misnomer, but altogether inadequate for the purpose intended. We do not doubt that Messrs. BOWNER and LEIGH are carrying out the designs of their superior in a careful and proper manner; but, considering the character of the work itself, we imagine these gentlemen will hardly appreciate the fulsome praise bestowed upon them by the writer of the article above mentioned, for we presume they rest their professional reputations on something of a far different character from a short trumpery causeway across a narrow and shallow inlet or bay. We had the curiosity to visit this work recently, and at low water it requires no professional eye to see that the area enclosed by the breakwater will not accommodate more than about one hundred moderate sized laden junks or cargo boats. It is doubtless possible that a number of native boats may find shelter during heavy weather, by grounding on the mud at the head of the bay, but considerable risk is involved in this, besides the inconvenience of having to wait for certain periods of tide. This defect has apparently attracted the attention of the writer of the *Mail's* article, and the Harbour Master also, in his recent report, seems to have been similarly impressed, and both join in pointing out that Dredging operations will be necessary to increase the area. Taking exception as we do to the work, both as regard design and cost, it seems to us somewhat audacious, to say the least of it, that before this work is half completed the Colony should be gravely informed that to make the work itself effective, it must be supplemented by what must entail at least double its estimated cost. Weighing well the character and position of the work, we think the cost of £103,000 an extreme one, and we certainly do not agree with the sympathetic *Mail* writer who would lead us to infer that the Contractor has anything but a remunerative contract and will probably ask for a further amount. If the cost of a steam Dredger and its maintenance, and of excavating to the required depth, is added to the original estimate, we are inside the mark at giving the figure of £200,000 as the probable cost of Mr. PRICE's latest handiwork, the so-called

Harbour of Refuge. According to the Admiralty chart the 3½ fathom line runs nearly as far out as North Point, and why the present breakwater could not have been constructed further to the northward, so as to give the adequate accommodation required without costly Dredging, we leave Mr. PRICE to explain. It seems to us clear that the proportionate additional outlay expended in constructing the breakwater in slightly deeper water would have been much less than that which is likely to result from the present absurd, and in a measure, useless work. There is a story told about the work on the Harbour of Refuge at Alderney, in the English Channel, where it was not an unusual thing for the residents to look out of window in the morning, after a gale of wind, and congratulate themselves that only £100,000 worth of work had been destroyed during the night, and eventually the works had to be abandoned, and a sum of £87,000 expended on *destroying* works which had cost millions. We do not pretend that the breakwater at North Point will prove quite such a "White Elephant" as this to the Colony, but before it is completed we shall not be surprised to see our surplus considerably reduced on a work in no way commensurate with the expenditure. Then, it must not be forgotten that, instead of following the *China Mail* and lauding the undertaking and all concerned in it up to the skies, we went so far as to recommend that before further sums were expended, a commission should enquire regarding the adaptability of the proposed work to the present and future requirements of the Colony.

UNITED Service Lodge, No. 1341, will meet to-night at the Freemason's Hall, Zealand Street, at 7.30 for 8 o'clock precisely.

The following temporary appointments in the Registrar General's office are gazetted.—Mr. Ho Fuk to be Chinese clerk and Interpreter, and Mr. Ho Ts'ung Chi to be Junior Registration Clerk, both appointments dating from the 1st instant.

The *Gazette* of Saturday notices the appointment of the Hon. E. L. O'Malley, His Honour Mr. F. Snowden, Mr. H. G. Thomson, R.M., and Mr. E. Sharp, as Trustees of St. John's Cathedral, on behalf of the Government, and of the Hon. J. Russell, as Auditor.

The last performance of the second series of Operas by Signor Hüblich's Italian Opera Company will be given this evening in the Theatre Royal, City Hall, when Donizetti's "Polito," will be produced. "Polito" has never previously been played in Hongkong.

The Stamp Revenue returns published in Saturday's *Gazette*, show the collections for last month to have been \$12,958.28, against \$12,558.22 in the corresponding month of last year, being an increase of \$400.06. The total collections from 1st January to 30th April of this year, were \$54,666.11, against \$47,711.67 during the same period of last year, showing an increase of \$6,954.44, which is very satisfactory.

LI ASUNG, a married woman, was charged this morning at the Police Court with assaulting Chun Akun, another married lady, and biting off a portion of her ear on Saturday. The complainant said the defendant was in the habit of accusing her of having a sweetheart, and when she asked her what she meant by such a vile imputation, she struck her, tore her jacket, and bit a piece out of her left auricular organ. The piece of the mutilated ear was exhibited in Court to the admiring gaze of his Worship. Defendant, who admitted the cannibalistic act, saying the complainant had ill treated her, was sent to a month's hard labour.

TELEGRAPHIC news of a very serious character has been wired by Reuter to-day, to the effect that the Chief Secretary for Ireland, and Mr. Burke, the Under Secretary, have been stabbed to death whilst walking in the Phoenix Park in Dublin. We suppose by the Chief Secretary, is meant Mr. Foster, who, although Reuter wired on the 5th that he had resigned and Lord Frederick Cavendish been appointed to succeed him, may not have actually vacated the post when the assassination took place. Mr. Foster having made himself very unpopular in Ireland, while Lord Frederick Cavendish is a new man, is our only reason for thinking it may be the former, but yet it may be his successor. We fancy this terrible affair is likely to bring matters to a crisis in that country.

There was quite an inundation of independent cases of "drunks" at the Police Court this morning, the Russian Navy making a goodly show. The *Duke of Edinburgh*, *Platium*, and *Shrekol* contributed one each, the Russian steamship *Petersburg* another, a Norwegian seaman distinguished himself in one case, a Greek seaman in another, an unemployed seaman named Docarty, described as of Scotland, but evidently of Emerald Isle descent, helping to swell the grand total. The Russians were discharged, and ordered to be sent on board their respective ships, the man from the *Platium*, who exhibited carnivorous proclivities in biting the Chinese Constable's finger, having to answer to his Captain on board for his conduct. The Norwegian, who created a disturbance as well, was fined a dollar or three days; the Greek was let off; and the redoubtable Docarty, who also took passage to the "Sailors Home" in a "ricksha" for which he was unable to pay, and tore the coolie's jacket besides, was fined a Mexican or four days, with two days additional unless he compensated the "ricksha coolie" with five ten-centers.

THE visitors to the City Hall Museum for the week ending May 7th, were—European, 141; Chinese, 1,526; total, 1,667.

WE note from the London *Gazette* of March 17th, that Quartermaster W. J. Graham of the Gloucestershire Regiment, has exchanged into the King's Own, Royal Lancaster Regiment. Quartermaster Graham was well known in Hongkong with the "Slashers" a few years back.

THOMAS KING, of America, an unemployed seaman, who admitted eight previous convictions, six being for drunkenness—refusing to pay vehicle hire being added to one of the "drunks"—one for disorderly behaviour, and one for assaulting the police, the offences being pretty impartially distributed over the years '78, '79, and '81, 1,880 showing a clear record, was up again this morning at the Police Court, charged with creating a disturbance by quarrelling with a lot of "ricksha coolies" on Saturday. He would appear to have been also charged originally with drunkenness, but as the constable said he was not actually drunk, that charge was expunged. Mr. Wodehouse fined him five dollars or three weeks' hard labour.

MOK ACHIEUNG, comprador to the China Traders' Insurance Company, was charged this morning, before Mr. Wodehouse, with embezzling various sums of money, the property of the Company, on the 6th inst. Mr. W. H. Ray, the Secretary of the Company, said he charged the defendant with the embezzlement of certain sums of money belonging to the Company, the nature of which offence and the amount of money involved, he was not yet in a position to state, nor would he be before Wednesday next.—Mr. Johnson, of the firm of Sharp, Toller & Johnson, applied, on behalf of the prosecution, for a remand until then, and objected to bail being allowed in the present state of the case, which was accordingly remanded till Wednesday at 2.30 p.m.

THE experimental entertainment to which we alluded in our Saturday's issue, came off at the Temperance Hall the same evening, and was largely attended, principally by the Buffs, the blue-jackets not being numerous. The programme was gone through with great spirit and conscientiousness, the comic songs taking immensely, as did also Bret Harte's "Heathen Chinee," that exhibition of the dry humour peculiar to the American mind. The entertainment was over at about half-past nine, and is considered to have been sufficiently successful to warrant fortnightly ones being held, upon which we congratulate those who are interesting themselves in the getting up of the entertainments. A private of the Buffs presided at the piano, and acquitted himself very creditably. Mr. Devonport of the Dock Yard did the needful as President.

JOHN McROY, of England, a seaman on board the steamship *Coptic*, and Thomas Fidler, of Chili, a seaman of the *S. S. Douglas*, were charged this morning before Mr. Wodehouse with obstructing the Police in the execution of their duty on the 6th instant, and assaulting Sikh Constable Thunda Singh. Thunda said he was arresting a man in a coffee shop, at the instance of one of the shop people, and while taking him to the lock-up, the defendants came up and peremptorily ordered him to let go his prisoner, McRoy, who, we think, is a Scotchman, giving him two or three blows on the chest, with the result of tearing his under garment to the extent of 40 cents' damage.—The defendants denied the charges *in toto*, and said they were merely looking on in quite a "promiscuous" manner, having been attracted by the crowd collected to see the brave Punjaabee lug off his man. A certain Joseph Ezekiel having corroborated their statement, the Magistrate discharged them.

WITH reference to the recent decision of the Government not to renew the Coercion Act in Ireland, it has to be noted that this movement was not altogether unexpected. Writing on the political situation on March 22nd, "Atlas" in the *World*, says:—"The Cabinet, which is already beset with grave difficulties from without, will probably soon be confronted with still more serious embarrassment within. In the more intimate and best-informed circles of the Ministerial party, a Ministerial crisis in the month of May or June is regarded as almost certain. In the Cabinet the most serious differences of opinion exist as to the policy of the renewal of the Coercion Act. It is now quite certain that Ireland cannot be restored to the administration of the ordinary law at the close of August next. If the present Coercion Act was allowed to expire at that time, the Land League would be immediately reconstituted, and the government of Ireland would once more pass from the hands of Mr. Foster into those of Mr. Parrell. The Irish Chief Secretary has already told his colleagues that he must have a renewal of substantially the same powers which he now possesses, or that he will no longer be responsible for the government of Ireland. On the other hand, some of his colleagues—it is scarcely necessary to say to whom I allude—hold that coercion has partially failed, that the real perpetrators of outrages have not been arrested, and that in the government of Ireland there must be a new departure. It is probable that those who hold this opinion will still give exceptional powers to the Irish Executive; but they will not again confer on it the simple power of arresting and locking up whomsoever it pleases. The divergence of opinion on this point is already appearing in the Cabinet, and will make itself more acutely felt as the time for a general discussion arrives. It is, of course, possible that something in the nature of a compromise may yet be arranged. Mr. Gladstone has, in the management of his Cabinet, shown a wonderful power of reconciling old Whigs and new Radicals; but this work will probably soon surpass even his influence and skill. If the Coercion Act is to be renewed, the Bill for continuing it must be introduced not later than the first week of July—and it is more than probable that before that date arrives, we shall see either the retirement of Mr. Foster from the Government, or the resignation of the Radical wing of the Cabinet."



His Excellency Major-General Sargent, C.B., accompanied by his Aide-de-Camp, Lieutenant Allen of the Buffs, Colonel Crawford, commanding the Royal Artillery, and Colonel Papillon, Commanding Royal Engineer, proceeds to Singapore by the mail on Thursday, on a tour of inspection of the troops, military works, &c., at the Straits Settlements, which will probably occupy a couple of months. During His Excellency's absence, Colonel Parnell, C.B., commanding the Buffs, will, we hear, act as Commandant of the Garrison.

It has somehow escaped the attention of the London newspapers, says the *World*, that Sir C. Dilke made an important communication to a number of gentlemen who waited on him the other week on behalf of the International Peace Society. These gentlemen went to ask the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs whether there was any fear that the revolt in Bosnia and Herzegovina will lead to complications and wars on the continent of Europe. Sir C. Dilke gave them most reassuring information. He told them that the disturbances were purely local in their character, and were not likely to bring about any breach in the general peace. He further expressed the opinion—which is already confirmed by news from the Continent—that Austria will permanently incorporate Bosnia and Herzegovina in the dominions of the Empire.

We hear from Macao of the death of Mr. Fung Sing, the principal partner of the Yee Sing Lottery monopoly, which occurred on Saturday morning, at 2 a.m. The cause of death was bronchitis, and it is said that could his friends have been induced to call in European medical aid, he would most probably have been saved, as his native attendants had been treating him for quite a different complaint to that which caused his death. Mr. Fung Sing had only been ailing for a few days, and we hear that his comrade took advantage of his absence from business to "levy" to Canton with the sum of thirty thousand dollars. Adding insult to injury, the comrade wrote from Canton to Mr. Fung Sing, informing him that if he wanted back the money, he had better come and get it. This piece of audacity appears to have greatly affected "Chico," and doubtless aggravated the illness which caused his death.

The following paragraphs from *The Colonies and India* of March 24th, indicate the programme France is following nearer home, and which exemplifies what we may expect from French rule in Tong-king.

The French are certainly unfortunate in their Colonial experiences. The French Colony at Oboc, in the Gulf of Aden, which was intended to counteract the influence of Aden, has been abandoned, and their leader, M. Arnoux, has been assassinated.

General Logerot, the French commander in Tunis, has issued orders that all Arabs found in the streets of Kairwan, after sunset, shall be bastinadoed. We have heard of no protest against this treatment of the unfortunate natives who are being made the subject of another attempt at French colonisation. Has the Arabist Protection Society no sympathy for Arabs, after its recent efforts on behalf of a Zulu chieftain who, under the name of imprisonment, is being pelted up in the neighbourhood of Cape Town?

The old motto that "trade follows the flag" is receiving a curious development at the hands of the French in Tunis. Anxious to get the whole of the export trade into their hands, they have first of all induced the Bey to give a practical monopoly of the trade to a M. Duplessis, a supposed nominee of M. Gambetta's. Then, finding that the Arabs unwillingly trusted their little scheme by sending the bulk of their goods to Tripoli instead of Gabes, they have despatched a column of troops to compel them to make the last-named port the destination of their produce.

### BUFFS V. POLICE—SHOOTING OFF THE TIE.

[By our Wimbledon Special.]

"As they went with might and main, 'Till they met the Major, 'Till they whirled us again." Old ballad.

No more disagreeable task falls to the lot of the historian or the journalist than having to chronicle the reverses of friends, though, as the pithy Rochefoucauld observed, "we have all of us sufficient strength to bear the misfortunes of others." Upon the present occasion, it has been reserved to us to record yet another defeat of the "Grand Old Buffs" at the hands of the upholders of the ever sacred principles of law, order and right-doing in this eminently law-abiding Colony, which our respected absent Governor, by his mild, though effective administrative measures for the repression of crime and villainy, succeeded in purging of most of the misadventure which flouted itself triumphantly prior to His Excellency's advent, raising its bold, unblinking front in our midst, and stalking about in the noonday. Disagreeable, however, as the task imposed upon us may be, duty calls, and so we must not shrink from it. Our conception of duty is a lofty one. We believe, with Smiles, that duty begins with life and ends with death; that it encompasses our whole being; that a sense of it gives us the power of overcoming difficulties—and what difficulties have not been thrown in our path by unscrupulous and interested enemies!—of doing that for which we strive; of being honest, kind and true we ever are—true to ourselves, and truer still to our constituents and the public, whose interests are ever paramount with us.

We have deemed thus much necessary by way of preamble, and shall now proceed to business. Agreeably cool weather favoured the intrepid Buffs and Police in shooting off the tie at Kowloon on Saturday. A strong, invigorating breeze blew from the right rear of the firing position, the sky being sufficiently overcast to prevent the sun's rays interfering materially with straight shooting, though the strong wind would detract from this and need the exercise of considerable judgment and discrimination to land the bullets on the target, especially in the bulls' eyes and the centres. In our exhaustive report of the last match in our issue of the 1st instant, we mentioned, with our usual modesty, to suggest the infusion of a little new blood into the Police ranks. Our advice, we are pleased to see, has been followed, and with the happiest results. It developed upon us on the last occasion to chronicle a score on the part of the Buffs of 460 points, against 441 made by the Police, where by the latter were beaten by 28 points. This time, it falls to us to record a rather unexpected turning of the tables, the Police making 477 points, and the Buffs only 439. This reversal of things lands the Buffs in a

back seat numbered 18 on the off side. As we have already said, the Police appreciated the logic and strong good sense of our advice, and the new blood infusion business, and, like sensible people as they are, followed it. We shall now enquire with what result, and leave the public to judge whether we do not always hit the right nail on the head. While the two men replaced, who were in our mind's eye when we offered the suggestion, made but the feeble score between them of 94 points at the previous match, their substitutes added 112 to the record. This was a considerable "lift" for the peace-preservers, and, with an advance of 18 points by the others on their previous score, brought the total increase of the Police up to 36. Sergeant Bullin gained the highest total, 65, in both teams on this occasion, and has justified our remark in the account of the previous match, that he may be considered one of the Police team's best men, his previous scores having been 62 and 63, respectively. Constable McKay came next with 62 points, and his shooting upon the whole has been of no mean order, 59 and 61 points having been previously credited to him. Inspector Thomson, too, made a very good show, obtaining 61 points this time—as did also Inspectors Quincy and Fleming—and 64 and 60 previously. Notwithstanding our advice to Inspector Orley in our issue of 1st instant, to pull himself together for the next tussle, he has proved himself a thorough Conservative by pertinaciously refusing to budge a point beyond the feeble 53 he made on the previous occasion. Admonition is evidently thrown away upon such as he. "The Buffs fell off 30 points on their previous score, which rather surprises us. Of this, Sergeant Robinson is responsible for 12, and Color Sergeant Harris, for 11 points, a serious retrograde movement indeed; while the new man brought in, Sergeant Dove, made to points less than the one he replaced, thus proving that infusion of new blood, except when recommended by us, is not expedient. Sergeant Kelly, with praiseworthy consistency, refused to approach anything near his first high score of 67, the highest made in the three contests. We don't like to say the 67 was a "bluke," but it looks uncommonly like it. Color Sergeant Meredith shot well throughout, his scores being 64, 58 and 62; so did Sergeant Instructor of Musketry Ellis, but he ought to be a crack shot. Band Sergeant Pockock and Sergeant Quinn also did well, the former especially. We have endeavoured to be as fair and impartial as possible, both in our strictures and our encomiums, and hope we have succeeded and given satisfaction all round, making every body feel jolly and comfortable. We cannot help thinking that the strong breeze blowing from the right rear has had a material influence upon the result of yesterday's contest, and that had less wind prevailed, we should have had to record a very different result. The Police, it must be remembered, are old stagers on the Kowloon range, and know to a nicety the allowance to be made for the variable winds there, which are as familiar to them as their "running in" staves and alarm whistles, whilst the Buffs are wholly unversed in the meteorology of the peninsula. The gallant Buffs, although defeated, unlike the individual into whose mouth Addison put the remark

"It is not my talent to conceal my thoughts, I carry mine and sundries in my face."

evinced the utmost good humour, and called at the finish for three hearty cheers for their vanquishers, which were as heartily returned by the Police. Not so the French crack billiardist lately defeated by an American in Paris, who was crushed enough, as the papers tell us, to refuse the offer of a material inducement upon the result of yesterday's contest, and that had less wind prevailed, we should have had to record a very different result. The Police, it must be remembered, are old stagers on the Kowloon range, and know to a nicety the allowance to be made for the variable winds there, which are as familiar to them as their "running in" staves and alarm whistles, whilst the Buffs are wholly unversed in the meteorology of the peninsula. The gallant Buffs, although defeated, unlike the individual into whose mouth Addison put the remark

"It is not my talent to conceal my thoughts, I carry mine and sundries in my face."

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## THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH.

### Today's Advertisements.

THEATRE ROYAL, CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR, AND HIS EXCELLENCY GENERAL DONOVAN.

SIGNOR HOFELICH has the honour to announce that THE SIXTH AND LAST PERFORMANCE OF THE SECOND SUBSCRIPTION SERIES WILL BE GIVEN, THIS EVENING, MAY 21st, 1882, when will be reproduced (FOR THE FIRST TIME IN HONGKONG) DONIZETTI'S CELEBRATED OPERA "POLIUTO."

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES. FAMILY TICKETS.—Admitting 3 Persons, 6 Nights ..... \$30.00 SINGLE TICKET.—Admitting 1 Person, 6 Nights ..... \$14.00 STALLS.—For 3 Persons, 6 Nights ..... \$20.00 STALLS.—For 1 Person, 6 Nights ..... \$10.00 PRICES OF ADMISSION: Dress Circle ..... \$3.00 Stalls ..... \$2.00 Pit ..... \$1.00

Tickets may be obtained at Messrs. KELLY & WALSH, and at the Doors on the night of the Performance. Doors open at 8.30 P.M., Performance to commence at 9 P.M. sharp.

Ladies unaccompanied by Gentlemen cannot be admitted.

A. HOFELICH, Director and Manager. Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [192]

UNION LINE.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

"STRATHLEVEN" Captain Pearson, will be despatched for the above Port, TO-MORROW, the 9th instant, at FOUR P.M. For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, 8th May, 1882. [322]

UNION LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM LONDON, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship "STRATHLEVEN"

Captain Pearson, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for Counter-signature and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from along-side.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Steamer will be at once landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense, and no Fire Insurance will be effected. Optional Cargo will be forwarded on to Yokohama, unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon TO-MORROW, the 9th instant. All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 18th instant, or they will not be recognised. RUSSELL & Co., Agents. Hongkong, 8th May, 1882. [319]

BOARD AND LODGING AT \$26.00 PER MONTH, INCLUDING ATTENDANCE OR \$16.00 PER MONTH, FOR BOARD ONLY.

Apply to JAS. S. KERMATH, Manager, Wanchai Club. Hongkong, 8th May, 1882. [318]

PUBLIC AUCTION

OF VALUABLE PROPERTY, IN QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the MORTGAGEE, to Sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of May, 1882, at THREE P.M., on the Premises, ALL that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND, Registered in the LAND OFFICE as Section B of MARINE LOT 105, with the 4 SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT SHOPS, in Queen's Road West, Nos. 273, 275, 277, and 279. Yearly Crown Rent \$30. For Further Particulars, and Conditions of Sale, apply to J. M. GUEDES, Auctioneer, 133, Wellington Street. Hongkong, 8th May, 1882. [320]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PROPERTY AT TAIPINGSHAN STREET

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the MORTGAGEE to Sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 16th day of May, 1882, on the Premises at THREE P.M. ALL that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND, Registered in the LAND OFFICE as INLAND LOT No. 241 A, with the THREE HOUSES thereon Nos. 16, 18, and 20 in Taipingshan Street. Yearly Crown Rent £2 2s. For Further Particulars, and Conditions of Sale, apply to J. M. GUEDES, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 8th May, 1882. [321]

T. O. K. K. E.

COAL MERCHANT, 18, WING SING LANE, HONGKONG.

KEEPS on hand for Sale all kinds of STEAM COAL of the best quality, at moderate rates; also has always Powerful Steam Launches for Hire at a Reasonable Charge, either for special Purposes, Excursions, or Towing. Hongkong, 13th April, 1882. [324]

### Intimations.

G. FALCONER & CO. WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS.

JEWELLERS, NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS. No. 46, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [2]

SAM HING, (STULTZ). MERCHANT TAILOR AND OUTFITTER, HAT AND CAP MAKER.

IMPORTER of every description of Gentlemen's Scarves, Collars, Ties, Socks, Umbrellas, Hats, &c., &c. Director in Chinese Silks of all kinds; Hamboe Blinds and Matting. Special attention given to the Tailoring Department. A perfect fit and best workmanship guaranteed. Cravattes and Chintzes for Dresses in all the newest patterns. No. 49, AND 51, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [302]

SUN SHING. DEALER IN SILKS.

CANTON and Shanghai Gauzes, Grape Shawls, Lacquered and Ivory Vases, Curios, &c., &c. The best house in the trade for high-class Curios, GOLD and SILVER JEWELLERY of the most artistic designs, Engraver on Stamps, Seals, &c., &c. The public and Travellers are invited to inspect the show rooms. No. 62, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [298]

WING TY LOONG. HAS FOR SALE.

EX STEAMERS "OCEANIC" AND "GALIC."

PRIME Mess Pork and Beef, 200lbs. in Barrel. Boiled and Roast Beef and Mutton in 2 1/2 and 6lbs. tins, Soup and Bouilli, American Hams, Bacon, Codfish, Cracked Wheat, Hominy, fresh White and Red Beans, Assorted Fruits and Soups, Corn Broom, Ham Sausages, Salmon in tins and Bellics, Mackerel, and every description of Oiler's stores at moderate prices. No. 39, HING LOONG STREET. Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [299]

S. Z. H. I. N. G. TAILOR.

DEALER in all kinds of Drapery, Silk Handkerchiefs, Embroidered Shawls, &c., &c. HAT AND CAP MAKING.

Ladies material made up, and a perfect Fit Guaranteed at Moderate Charges.

MATTING AND MANILA CIGARS, FOR SALE.

No. 76, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG. Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [228]

N. A. M. S. I. N. G. TAILOR AND OUTFITTER.

GENTS' Shirts, Scarves, Braces, Socks, Hats, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c. Clothes cut in the most approved West End Style, a perfect Fit Guaranteed at Moderate Prices. NEW SEASON'S GOODS. 74, A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. Hongkong, 14th April, 1882. [240]

Y. E. U. Q. A. SHIP, PORTRAIT, AND MINIATURE PAINTER.

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS. LANDSCAPES IN OIL AND WATER COLORS.

All Work Executed by First-Class Artists. IVORY MINIATURES A SPECIALITY. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

No. 52, C, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. UPSTAIRS. HONGKONG. Hongkong, 4th April, 1882. [211]

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and Ship COAL for sale in large or small quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Commodious small steamers on hire for towing purposes, Excursions, &c., &c. CHEAPER than any other House in the Trade. Apply to HING LEE, 37, Tung Man Lane. Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [227]

L. I. N. G. S. H. I. N. G. BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.

No. 5, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG.

THE CHEAPEST SHOP IN THE TRADE

Materials and Workmanship Guaranteed. Special experience in making Gentlemen's CRIDING JIOTS. Hongkong, 4th April, 1882. [207]

C. H. I. E. N. A. M. GOLD AND SILVERSMITH, WATCH MAKER.

AND ENGRAVER, WATCHES CLEANED AND REPAIRED.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED. JEWELRY MADE AND REPAIRED.

No. 72, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG. Hongkong, 6th April, 1882. [214]

A. F. O. N. G. PHOTOGRAPHER, HAS LARGEST COLLECTION OF VIEWS than any other in CHINA.

Miniatures Painted on Ivory from \$7. Oil Paintings on Canvas from \$5.

Cartes de Visite, Cabinet, and all other Styles of Portraits at equally moderate prices executed under the supervision and management of D. K. GRIFFITH, Studio 8, Queen's-road. [13]

J. AND R. TENNENT'S ALE AND PORTER.

DAVID CORSAIR & SONS' MERCHANT NAVY.

NAVY BOILED LONG FLAX CROWN. ARNOLD, KARBURG & Co. Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [15]

THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

AN INDEPENDENT DAILY PAPER. PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON AT FOUR O'CLOCK, AT THE OFFICES NO. 6, PEDDAR'S HILL.

Terms of Subscription.—Yearly \$20; Half-yearly \$10; Monthly \$2; Single Copies 20 Cents each.

The Cheapest and best advertising medium in Hongkong. Terms can be learnt on application.

A SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENT SHEET Published Daily at 10.30 a.m., and circulated free of charge throughout the Colony. Hongkong, 1st April, 1882. [168]

### For Sale.

FOR SALE. A FEW Cases of very Superior OLD MADEIRA WINE, Vintage 1871.

Apply to J. J. DOS REMEDIOS & Co. Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [301]

FOR SALE. GENUINE PORT WINE.

M. DE SOUZA GUEDES' WELL KNOWN BRANDS, BLACK LABEL, with 3 Grapes, per Case of 1 Dozen Quarts ..... \$18. BLACK LABEL, with 2 Grapes, per Case of 1 Dozen Quarts ..... \$16. WHITE LABEL, per Case of 1 Dozen Quarts ..... \$13. Apply to F. J. V. JORGE, at Messrs. RUSSELL & Co's. Hongkong, 6th April, 1882. [217]

FOR SALE. MESSRS. W. & T. LOCKETT'S Celebrated Brands Threlfall's Export PALE ALE and Findlater's DUBLIN STOUT, in Pints and Quarts.

Fine OLD PORT, in Cases of One Dozen. Also, Sillery Mousseaux VIN DE CHAMPAGNE, in Cases of 2 doz. Pints and 1 doz. Quarts. GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. Hongkong, 14th March, 1882. [166]

FOR SALE. H. MUMM & Co's CHAMPAGNE.

QUARTS ..... \$22 per Case. PINTS ..... \$23 per Case. Apply to MELCHERS & Co. Hongkong, 2nd March, 1882. [132]

THE CITY OF MANILA CIGAR STORE.

HAS FOR SALE. CIGARS of all Brands, Imperiales, Caballeros, Vegeteros, Regalios, Londres, Nuevo Habanos of all makes, quality guaranteed. TOBACCO of all Brands, at moderate prices. FANCY GOODS from the Parisian markets, Meerschaum Pipes, Jewellery of Choice Designs, &c. Sun Hats, &c., &c. Commissions Executed. JOSE M. JASA. No. 51, B, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [297]

D. K. GRIFFITH. MANUFACTURER OF THE LONDON AERATED WATERS.

7, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE, (Opposite the City Hall)

Having lately Purchased the entire Machinery of the late Mr. E. CHASTEL'S SODA WATER FACTORY.

I am now prepared to execute the largest orders for every description of Aerated Waters with promptness and despatch.

SUPERIOR QUALITY. I. S. G. U. A. R. N. T. E. E. D. Consumers should try these carefully Manufactured SPARKLING WATERS.

THREE DOZEN FOR ONE DOLLAR. All Orders and Communications should be addressed to The Factory. 7, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE. Hongkong, 11th April, 1882. [225]

H. E. U. E. R. M. A. N. N. HERBST & CO. SOLE AGENTS OF J. M. N. A. U. T. A. S' CIGAR AND CIGARETTE MANUFACTORY.

"PENANG." OFFER NOW FOR SALE:

LITTLE ANGELS ..... in Boxes Each 100. MALATTE ..... do. " 100. MOOTOO MAH ..... do. " 100. DAYAKS TRABUCOS ..... do. " 100. BATAK TRABUCOS ..... do. " 250. Hongkong, 26th April, 1882. [282]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO. CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, AND OPTICIANS.

CHARTS AND BOOKS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

SOLE AGENTS for Louis Audemars' Watches; awarded the highest Prizes at every Exhibition; and for Voigtlander and Sohn's CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE GLASSES, and SPYGLASSES. \*No. 38, Queen's-road Central. [10]

HAIR DRESSING SALOON HONGKONG HOTEL.

W. P. MOORE begs to inform the Gentle- men of Hongkong and Visitors that he has reduced the price of Hair-Cutting to 50 cents. Having now in his employ three competent Assistants who are always in attendance, he guarantees to execute this class of work, in all its branches, with a perfection which cannot be excelled in any part of the World.

Hair-Cutting ..... 50 Cents. Shampooing ..... 25 Cents. Shaving ..... 25 Cents. Trimming Beards ..... 25 Cents.

MONTHLY CUSTOMERS TAKEN AT REDUCED RATES. RAZORS MOST CAREFULLY RE-SHET.

Mr. MOORE begs to recommend his GOGO SHAMPOO WASH to the public as unrivalled by any preparation ever produced for promoting the growth of the hair. The basis of this compound is made of soap root; the natives of the Philippine Islands never use anything else for washing their hair; they are never found bald, and it is quite common to see the females with hair from 5 to 6 feet long. By constantly using this Shampoo Wash as directed, you will NEVER BE BALD.

The proprietor offers the Wash to the public entirely confident that by its restorative properties it will without fail arrest decaying hair. It completely eradicates scurf, dandruff, and cures all diseases of the scalp. It does not contain any poisonous drugs. By its cooling properties it allays the itching and fever of the scalp, which is the great cause of people losing their hair.

Mr. MOORE has succeeded in being able to put this wash up in bottles without allowing it to ferment, and he will guarantee it to keep any length of time in any climate. [168]

### For Sale.

H. FOURNIER & CO. HAVE FOR SALE, JUST RECEIVED, EX FRENCH MAIL STEAMER

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF FANCY GOODS.

H. FOURNIER AND COMPANY HAVE JUST RECEIVED FANCY PLAYING CARDS, CRACKERS, BONBONS (Assorted), CHOCOLATE CREAM, CHOCOLATE MENIER.

H. FOURNIER & Co., Corner of D'Aguilar and Wellington-streets.

H. FOURNIER AND COMPANY HAVE JUST RECEIVED FIGS, MALAGA RAISINS, TABLE PLUMS, FRUITS IN JUICE (Assorted), CONFITURES DE ST. JAMES (in Bottles and Tins), SYRUPS (Assorted), HUNTLEY and PALMER'S BISCUITS, ALMONDS and NUTS, VANILLA, PATE DE FOIE GRAS.

H. FOURNIER & Co., Corner of D'Aguilar and Wellington-streets.

H. FOURNIER AND COMPANY HAVE JUST RECEIVED NOIX DE VEAU TRUFFEE (in Tins), COTELETTE DE VEAU (in Tins), VEAU ROTI, RIS DE VEAU (in Tins), FRICANDAU (Assorted), TRUFFES, VEGETABLES (Assorted), ANCHOVIES in Oil, CAVIAR, SARDINES in Lemon Juice, SARDINES in Tomatoes, SARDINES in Oil.

H. FOURNIER & Co., Corner of D'Aguilar and Wellington-streets.

H. FOURNIER AND COMPANY HAVE JUST RECEIVED FRENCH and ENGLISH MUSTARD, SAUSAGES (Assorted), LYONS SAUSAGES, FRENCH & SPANISH OLIVES, FRENCH ISIGNY BUTTER (in 1 and 2 lbs. Tins), MACCARONI, (Assorted) Paste for Soups, Letters, stars, &c. TAPIOCCA, FINE-GROUND MOCHA COFFEE.

H. FOURNIER AND COMPANY HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN ASSORTMENT OF CHEESE, GRUYERE, ROQUEFORT, DUTCH, CALIFORNIA, CREAM, H. FOURNIER & Co., Corner of D'Aguilar and Wellington-streets.

H. FOURNIER AND COMPANY HAVE JUST RECEIVED FRENCH TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES, ASSORTED PERFUMERY FROM PINAUD and FIVERT of PARIS. A large quantity of FRENCH MINERAL WATERS in Pints of 100 bottles per Case, CORK STOPPERS, for Soda and other Bottles.

H. FOURNIER AND COMPANY HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN ASSORTMENT OF CLARETS, In Bottles and Wood, CHATEAU LAROSE, CHATEAU LAFFITTE, CHATEAU MARGAUX, ST. EMILION, MEDOC.

H. FOURNIER & Co., Corner of D'Aguilar and Wellington-streets.

H. FOURNIER AND COMPANY HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN ASSORTMENT OF WINES, SAUTERNE, PORTO, SHERRY, MARSALA.

H. FOURNIER & Co., Corner of D'Aguilar and Wellington-streets.



HER BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SHIPS  
IN THE CHINA SQUADRON.

HER BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SHIPS  
IN THE CHINA SQUADRON.

nig. *H.* Misty. *O.* Overcast. *P.* Passing showers. *Q.* Squally. *R.* Rainy. *S.* Snow. *T.* Thunder. *U.* Hail, threatening. *V.* Visibility. *W.* Storm. *Z.* Calm. The letters are repeated to indicate any increase over the mean average of their signification. Rain.—The hours of rain for the previous 24 hours (noon) are registered from 1 to 24 the quantity of water fallen indicated in inches, tens and hundredths.

Douglas Castle .....	Cardiff .....	Mar.	5
Ethel Cainne .....	Sunderland .....	Mar.	5
Ella S. Thayer .....	Cardiff .....	Mar.	11
Hankow (s.) .....	London .....	Mar.	24
Invincible .....	Penarth .....	Mar.	25
Kenmure Castle (s.) .....	London .....	Mar.	25
Nearchurch .....	London .....	Mar.	27
Glenogle (s.) .....	Glasgow .....	Mar.	28

J. H. Kent, Newcastle 29th December, Coal  
 Arnhold, Karberg & Co.  
 April 15, KATE DAVENPORT, American ship,  
 1,256, E. B. Mallett, Melbourne 11th Feb.,  
 Ballast.—Rozario & Co.  
 May 6, KVIK, Norwegian bark, 416, Larsen,  
 Bangkok 5th April, General.—Siemssen  
 & Co.

Sang Hang, Viceroy's gunboat, Yang Yung Lin,  
Hongkong.  
Shen-chi, Revenue cruiser, 5 guns, Sau Tsung,  
Tai, cruising.  
Sui-ting, Viceroy's gunboat, 4 guns, J. B.  
Murray, Hai Ling Shan.  
Tsing-po, Viceroy's gunboat, 6 guns, A. Garceau,  
West Coast.

Grey T-Cloths, 24 yds. 36 in. 8lbs.	21c. per piece	\$2.10 to 2.15
Grey T-Cloths, 24 yds. 36 in. 8lbs.	XX per piece	\$2.45 to 2.50
Handkerchiefs, Blue, per dozen.....		\$0.60 to 0.65
Handkerchiefs, Brown, per dozen.....		\$0.55 to 0.60
Handkerchiefs, Red, per dozen.....		\$0.63 to 0.64
Turkey Red Shirts, 3lb., per piece		\$1.75 to 2.40

Wheat, Tientsin, per picul .....	\$2.15 to 2.18
Wheat, Japan, per picul .....	\$2.15 to 2.13
Wool Oil, per picul .....	Tls. 6.10 to 6.25
Window Glass, per box .....	\$3.55 to 3.65

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Printed and Published by ROBERT FRASER-SMITH, at No. 6, EDWARD'S HILL, in the City of Victoria, Hongkong—May 1882.

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